

CAP-BEAM DESIGN

mp := 10

Number of members to be checked = members := 2 ns := 0.. members · 11 - 1

Number of Negative moment points to check = npa := 2 np := 0.. npa - 1

Enter negative moment points to check =

sp _{np} :=
1.762
2.238

Concrete Strength (ksi) = fc := 3

Reinforcing Steel strength (ksi) = fy := 60

Factor = β₁ := 0.85

Clear cover (in) = cover := 2.5

Sort output from Structural Analysis

I shall determine the max/min curve for the LL cases. The DC and DW loads shall be input under the Service I and Strength I load combinations

MOMENT

$$\begin{pmatrix} m1a \\ m2a \end{pmatrix} :=$$

point	CASE NUMBER							max	min
	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7		
1.0	0	0						0	0
1.1	0	0						0	0
1.2	-71.77	-71.31						-71.31	-71.77
1.3	-208.37	-207.03						-207.03	-208.37
1.4	-344.98	-342.75						-342.75	-344.98
1.5	-481.58	-478.47						-478.47	-481.58
1.6	-618.19	-614.19						-614.19	-618.19
1.7	-754.79	-749.91						-749.91	-754.79
1.8	-891.39	-885.63						-885.63	-891.39
1.9	-1028	-1021.4						-1021.35	-1028
2.0	-1164	-1157.1						-1157.07	-1164
2.0	-583.59	-1113.1						-583.59	-1113.1
2.1	-512.47	-977.45						-512.47	-977.45
2.2	-441.35	-841.79						-441.35	-841.79
2.3	-370.22	-706.14						-370.22	-706.14
2.4	-299.1	-570.48						-299.1	-570.48
2.5	-227.98	-434.83						-227.98	-434.83
2.6	-156.85	-299.17						-156.85	-299.17
2.7	-85.73	-163.52						-85.73	-163.52
2.8	-14.61	27.86						27.86	-14.61
2.9	0	0						0	0
3.0	0	0						0	0

$$m1_{ns} := m1a_{ns}$$

$$m2_{ns} := m2a_{ns}$$

Strength I loads (moment)

Maximum $1.25 \cdot DW + 1.5 \cdot DW + 1.75 \cdot (LL + IM)$

Minimum $0.9 \cdot DC + 0.65 \cdot DW + 1.75 \cdot (LL + IM)$

The loads shown in the DL columns reflect the values from Service I. The appropriate load combination (max or min) is shown in the total loads columns. The minimum load factors for dead load are used when dead load and future wearing surface stresses are of opposite sign to that of the live load.

(STI1m)
 (STI2m)
 (STI3m)
 (STI4m) :=
 (STI5m)
 (STI6m)
 (STI7m)

	STI1	STI2	STI3	STI4	STI5	STI6	STI7
	DC LOADS (non-comp)		DW Loads	LL + I		TOTAL LOADS	
LOCATION	self wt	other (slab)	(comp)	M (+)	M (-)	M (+)	M (-)
1.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.1	-2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.2	-94.06	0.00	-37.80	-71.31	-71.77	-299.07	-299.87
1.3	-266.12	0.00	-109.74	-207.03	-208.37	-859.56	-861.91
1.4	-443.51	0.00	-181.68	-342.75	-344.98	-1426.72	-1430.62
1.5	-626.23	0.00	-253.62	-478.47	-481.58	-2000.54	-2005.98
1.6	-814.27	0.00	-325.57	-614.19	-618.19	-2581.03	-2588.03
1.7	-1007.63	0.00	-397.51	-749.91	-754.79	-3168.15	-3176.69
1.8	-1206.31	0.00	-469.45	-885.63	-891.39	-3761.92	-3772.00
1.9	-1410.32	0.00	-541.39	-1021.35	-1028.00	-4362.35	-4373.99
2.0	-1619.65	0.00	-613.33	-1157.07	-1164.00	-4969.43	-4981.56
2.0	-1569.00	0.00	-591.00	-583.59	-1113.10	-3869.03	-4795.68
2.1	-1360.00	0.00	-519.00	-512.47	-977.45	-3375.32	-4189.04
2.2	-1156.00	0.00	-447.00	-441.35	-841.79	-2887.86	-3588.63
2.3	-957.00	0.00	-375.00	-370.22	-706.14	-2406.64	-2994.50
2.4	-764.00	0.00	-303.00	-299.10	-570.48	-1932.93	-2407.84
2.5	-576.00	0.00	-231.00	-227.98	-434.83	-1465.47	-1827.45
2.6	-393.00	0.00	-159.00	-156.85	-299.17	-1004.24	-1253.30
2.7	-216.00	0.00	-87.00	-85.73	-163.52	-550.53	-686.66
2.8	-44.00	0.00	-15.00	27.86	-14.61	-0.60	-103.07
2.9	-3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

fullm

Strength I loads (shear)

Maximum $1.25 \cdot DW + 1.5 \cdot DW + 1.75 \cdot (LL + IM)$

Minimum $0.9 \cdot DC + 0.65 \cdot DW + 1.75 \cdot (LL + IM)$

The loads shown in the DL columns reflect the values from Service I. The appropriate load combination (max or min) is shown in the total loads columns. The minimum load factors for dead load are used when dead load and future wearing surface stresses are of opposite sign to that of the live load.

(STI1v)
 (STI2v)
 (STI3v)
 (STI4v)
 (STI5v)
 (STI6v)
 (STI7v)

	STI1	STI2	STI3	STI4	STI5	STI6	STI7
	DC LOADS (non-comp)		DW Loads	LL + I		TOTAL LOADS	
LOCATION	self wt	other (slab)	(comp)	M (+)	M (-)	M (+)	M (-)
1.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.1	-5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.2	-131.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-430.45	-431.64
1.3	-135.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-435.45	-436.64
1.4	-139.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-440.45	-441.64
1.5	-143.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-445.45	-446.64
1.6	-147.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-450.45	-451.64
1.7	-151.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-455.45	-456.64
1.8	-155.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-460.45	-461.64
1.9	-159.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-465.45	-466.64
2.0	-164.00	0.00	-56.00	-104.40	-105.08	-471.70	-472.89
2.0	164.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	88.26	1.39
2.1	159.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	83.76	-3.11
2.2	155.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	80.16	-6.71
2.3	151.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	76.56	-10.31
2.4	147.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	72.96	-13.91
2.5	143.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	69.36	-17.51
2.6	139.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	65.76	-21.11
2.7	135.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	62.16	-24.71
2.8	131.00	0.00	56.00	-54.71	-104.35	58.56	-28.31
2.9	5.00	0.00	56.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.0	0.00	0.00	56.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

fully

Final Service Load Data to Use

SL :=

range	V+	V-	M+	M-
1	0	0	0	0
1.1	-5	-5	-2.66	-2.66
1.2	-291.4	-292.08	-203.17	-203.63
1.3	-295.4	-296.08	-582.89	-584.23
1.4	-299.4	-300.08	-967.94	-970.17
1.5	-303.4	-304.08	-1358.32	-1361.43
1.6	-307.4	-308.08	-1754.03	-1758.03
1.7	-311.4	-312.08	-2155.05	-2159.93
1.8	-315.4	-316.08	-2561.39	-2567.15
1.9	-319.4	-320.08	-2973.06	-2979.71
2	-324.4	-325.08	-3390.05	-3396.98
2	165.29	115.65	-2743.59	-3273.1
2.1	160.29	110.65	-2391.47	-2856.45
2.2	156.29	106.65	-2044.35	-2444.79
2.3	152.29	102.65	-1702.22	-2038.14
2.4	148.29	98.65	-1366.1	-1637.48
2.5	144.29	94.65	-1034.98	-1241.83
2.6	140.29	90.65	-708.85	-851.17
2.7	136.29	86.65	-388.73	-466.52
2.8	132.29	82.65	-31.14	-73.61
2.9	61	61	-3	-3
3	56	56	0	0

$$V_SL_{ns} := \max \left(\left(\left(|SL_{ns,1}| \right) \right) \right)$$

$$M_SLp_{ns} := \max \left(\left(\left(SL_{ns,3} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$M_SLn_{ns} := \min \left(\left(\left(SL_{ns,3} \right) \right) \right)$$

(SI5v SI6v SI5m SI6m)

Final Load Factor Data to Use

LD :=

range	V+	V-	M+	M-
1	0	0	0	0
1.1	0	0	0	0
1.2	-430.45	-431.64	-299.068	-299.873
1.3	-435.45	-436.64	-859.563	-861.908
1.4	-440.45	-441.64	-1426.72	-1430.62
1.5	-445.45	-446.64	-2000.54	-2005.98
1.6	-450.45	-451.64	-2581.03	-2588.03
1.7	-455.45	-456.64	-3168.15	-3176.69
1.8	-460.45	-461.64	-3761.92	-3772
1.9	-465.45	-466.64	-4362.35	-4373.99
2	-471.7	-472.89	-4969.43	-4981.56
2	88.2575	1.3875	-3869.03	-4795.68
2.1	83.7575	-3.1125	-3375.32	-4189.04
2.2	80.1575	-6.7125	-2887.86	-3588.63
2.3	76.5575	-10.3125	-2406.64	-2994.5
2.4	72.9575	-13.9125	-1932.93	-2407.84
2.5	69.3575	-17.5125	-1465.47	-1827.45
2.6	65.7575	-21.1125	-1004.24	-1253.3
2.7	62.1575	-24.7125	-550.528	-686.66
2.8	58.5575	-28.3125	-0.595	-103.068
2.9	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0

$$V_LD_{ns} := \max \left(\left(\left| LD_{ns,1} \right| \right) \right)$$

$$M_LDp_{ns} := \max \left(\left(LD_{ns,3} \right) \right)$$

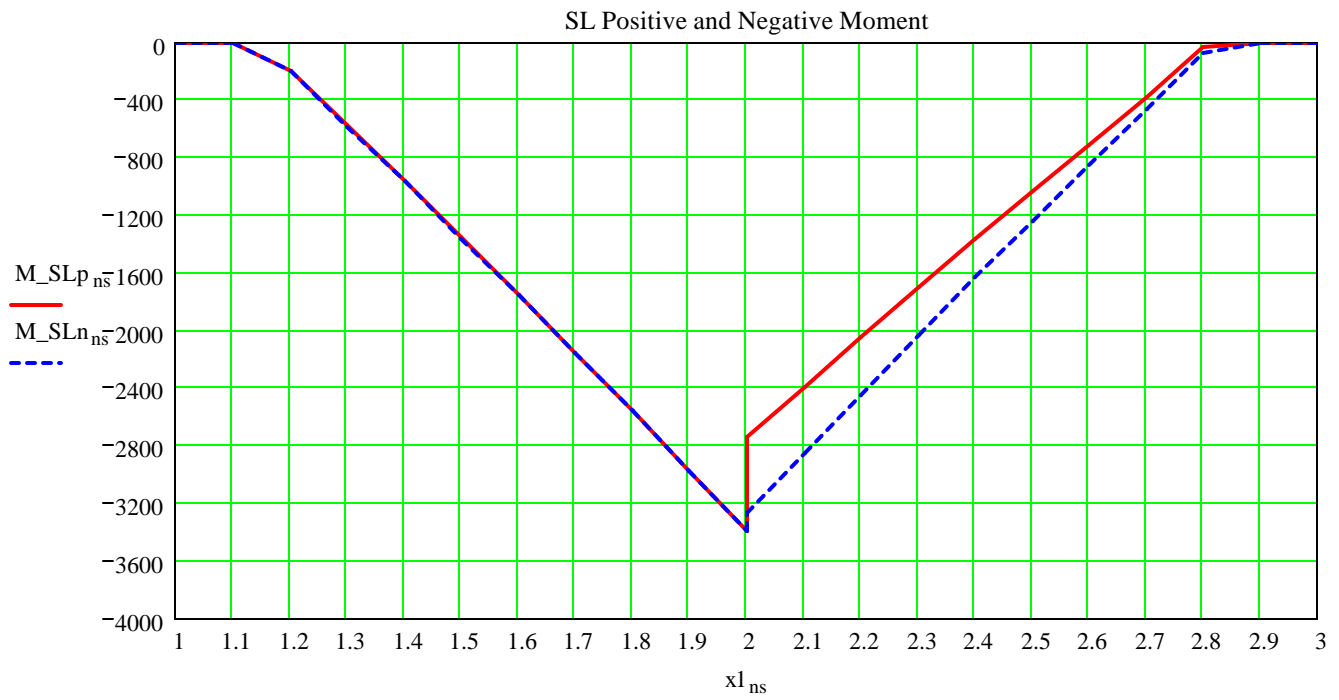
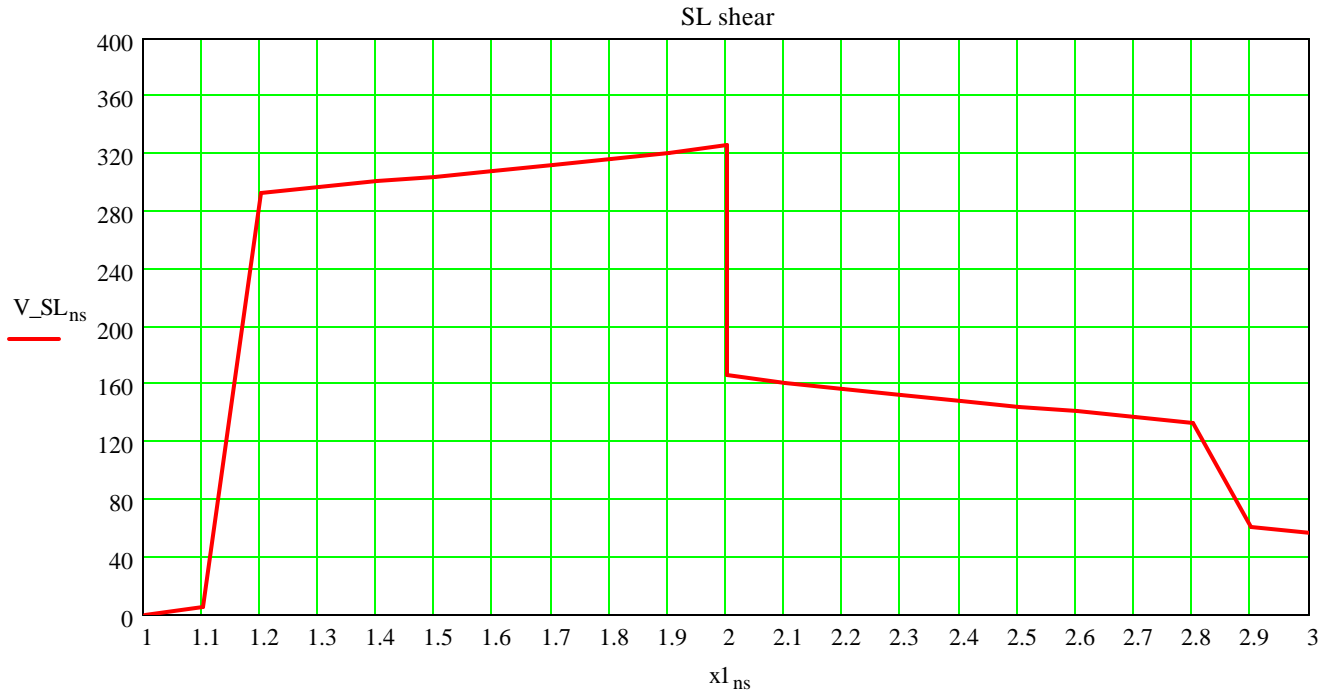
$$M_LDn_{ns} := \min \left(\left(LD_{ns,4} \right) \right)$$

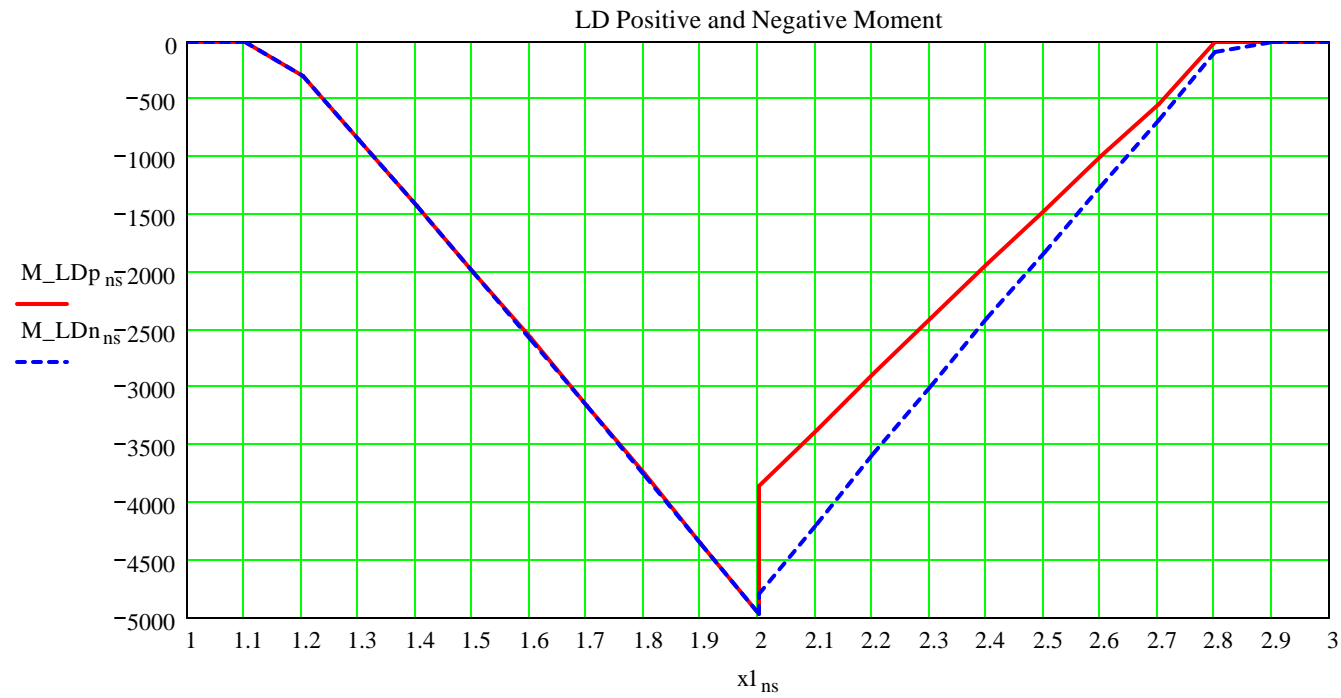
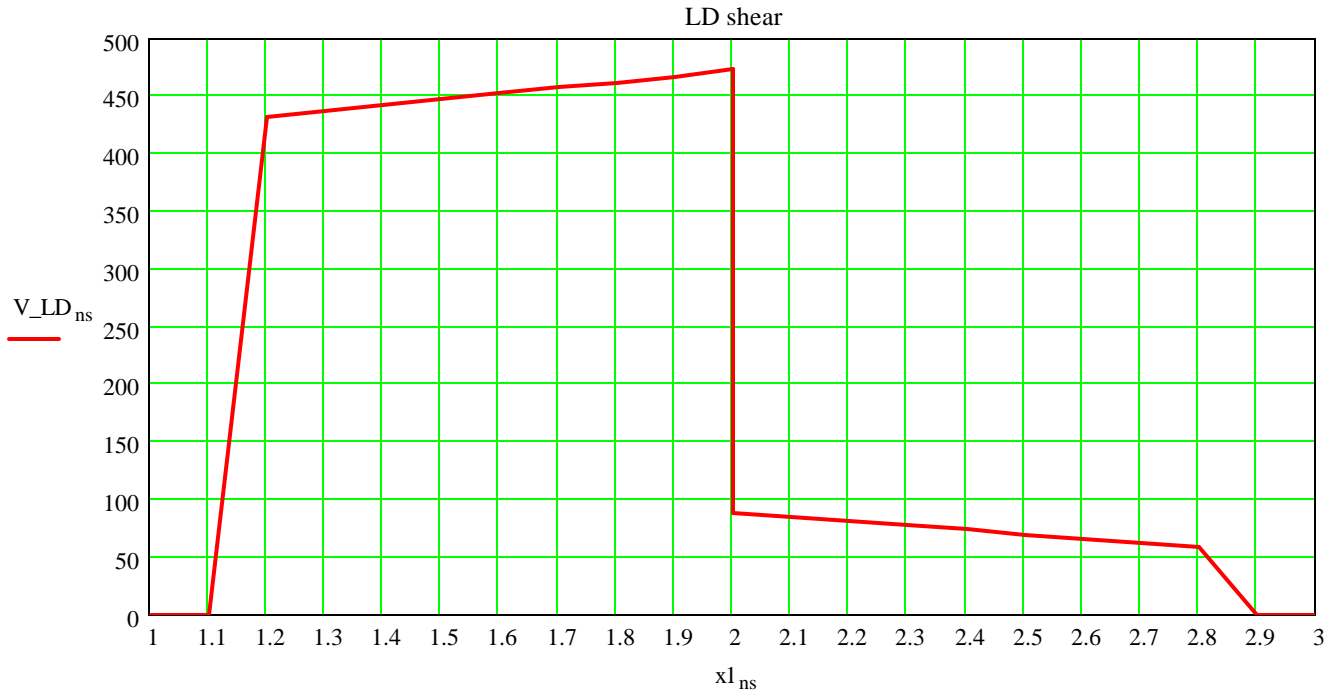
$$SL_{members \cdot 11,0} := 0$$

(STI6v STI7v STI6m STI7m)

Shear and Moment Graphs

$$x1_{ns} := SL_{ns,0}$$





Determine the first matrix point for the iterated value (the second will simply by the first +1)

$$av_{np} := \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{for } j \in 0..npa - 1 \\ \quad \text{for } j1 \in 0..members \cdot 11 - 1 \\ \quad \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} (j2a_j \leftarrow j1) \cdot (\text{break}) \text{ if } (SL_{j1,0} < sp_j) \cdot (SL_{j1+1,0} > sp_j) \\ j2a_j \leftarrow "hi" \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ j2a_{np} \end{array} \right.$$

$$av_{npa} := 0$$

Give each span point a theoretical matrix span point

$$a2_{np} := SL_{av_{np}, 0} \quad a2_{npa} := 0$$

$$a1_{np} := av_{np} + \frac{(av_{np+1} - av_{np}) \cdot (sp_{np} - a2_{np})}{a2_{np+1} - a2_{np}}$$

Calculate actual iterated value for SL shear

$$V_{sl_{np}} := V_{SL}(av_{np}) + \frac{[V_{SL_{av_{np+1}}} - V_{SL}(av_{np})] \cdot (a1_{np} - av_{np})}{av_{np+1} - av_{np}} \quad V_{sl} = \begin{pmatrix} 312.576 \\ 156.359 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate actual iterated value for LD shear

$$V_{ld_{np}} := V_{LD}(av_{np}) + \frac{[V_{LD_{av_{np+1}}} - V_{LD}(av_{np})] \cdot (a1_{np} - av_{np})}{av_{np+1} - av_{np}} \quad V_{ld} = \begin{pmatrix} 457.26 \\ 80.22 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate actual iterated value for negative SL moment

$$M_{sl_{np}} := M_{SLn}(av_{np}) + \frac{[M_{SLn_{av_{np+1}}} - M_{SLn}(av_{np})] \cdot (a1_{np} - av_{np})}{av_{np+1} - av_{np}} \quad M_{sl} = \begin{pmatrix} -2210.425 \\ -2451.814 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate actual iterated value for negative LD moment

$$M_{ld_{np}} := M_{LDn}(av_{np}) + \frac{[M_{LDn_{av_{np+1}}} - M_{LDn}(av_{np})] \cdot (a1_{np} - av_{np})}{av_{np+1} - av_{np}} \quad M_{ld} = \begin{pmatrix} -3250.503 \\ -3598.895 \end{pmatrix}$$

Design Shear

$$\text{Design SL shear (k)} = \quad VSL := \max(Vsl \langle \theta \rangle) \quad VSL = 312.576$$

$$\text{Design LD shear (k)} = \quad VLD := \max(Vld \langle \theta \rangle) \quad VLD = 457.26$$

Design Moment

$$\text{SL negative moment (k*ft)} = \quad MSLn := |\min(Msl \langle \theta \rangle)| \quad MSLn = 2451.814$$

$$\text{LD negative moment (k*ft)} = \quad MLDn := |\min(Mld \langle \theta \rangle)| \quad MLDn = 3598.895$$

$$\text{SL positive moment (k*ft)} = \quad MSLp := \max(M_SLP \langle \theta \rangle) \quad MSLp = 0$$

$$\text{LD positive moment (k*ft)} = \quad MLDp := \max(M_LDP \langle \theta \rangle) \quad MLDp = 0$$

Strength Design Positive Moment

Section Depth for positive moment (in) = $b1 := 72$

Section Width for positive moment (in) = $b2 := 42$

Concrete Strength (psi) = $f_c = 3$

Reinforcing Steel strength (psi) = $f_y = 60$

Number of rows of steel = $row_{sp} := 1$

Effective depth

$$d_p := b1 - 3 - \frac{(row_{sp} - 1) \cdot 3}{2} \quad d_p = 69$$

Section Modulus (in³) $S_{tc} := \frac{b2 \cdot b1^3}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{b1 \cdot 0.5} \quad S_{tc} = 36288$

Design positive moment (k*ft) = $MLD_p = 0$

LRFD 5.7.3.3.2 minimum reinforcement

Unless otherwise specified, at any section of a flexural component, the amount of prestressed and nonprestressed tensile reinforcement shall be adequate to develop a factored flexural resistance, M_r , at least equal to the lesser of

1.2* the cracking strength

1.33 times the factored moment required by Strength I

What I shall do is calculate required steel based on the cracking moment. Then I shall calculate the required steel based on strength. If any of the required are less than 1.2*Mcr I shall increase the required by 4/3.

$$\text{LRFD 5.4.2.6 the modulus of rupture (ksi) = } \quad f_r := 0.24 \cdot \sqrt{f_c} \quad f_r = 0.416$$

$$\text{Cracking moment (k*ft) = } \quad M_{cr} := \frac{f_r \cdot S_{tc}}{12} \quad M_{cr} = 1257.053$$

$$\text{Effective section depth (in) = } \quad d_p = 69$$

$$A_{cr} := 0 \quad A_s := 0 \quad A_r := 0 \quad A_{rt} := 0$$

$$\text{Required steel based on } 1.2 \cdot M_{cr} \text{ (in}^2\text{) = } \quad A_{cr} := \text{root} \left[\left| 12 \cdot M_{cr} \right| - 0.9 \cdot A_{cr} \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_p - \frac{A_{cr} \cdot f_y}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot b_2} \right), A_{cr} \right]$$

$$A_{cr} = 4.117$$

CALCULATIONS BASED ON RECTANGULAR SECTION

$$\text{Required steel (pure strength)(in}^2\text{) = } \quad A_{sp1} := \text{root} \left[\left| 12 \cdot MLD_p \right| - 0.9 \cdot A_r \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_p - \frac{A_r \cdot f_y}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot b_2} \right), A_r \right] \quad A_{sp1} = 0$$

$$\text{Required Steed (in}^2\text{) = } \quad A_{sp} := \begin{cases} \frac{4}{3} \cdot A_{sp1} & \text{if } A_{sp1} < A_{cr} \\ A_{sp1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad A_{sp} = 0$$

$$\text{Distance between the N.A. and the compression flange (in) = } \quad c_1 := \frac{A_{sp} \cdot f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta_1 \cdot b_2} \quad c_1 = 0$$

BAR PATTERN REQUIREMENTS

n8 := 0.. 6

$$\text{bars} := \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Asone} := \begin{pmatrix} 0.31 \\ 0.44 \\ 0.60 \\ 0.79 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.27 \\ 1.56 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{bd} := \begin{pmatrix} 0.625 \\ 0.75 \\ 0.875 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.128 \\ 1.27 \\ 1.41 \end{pmatrix}$$

number of bars total minimum

$$\text{floor}\left(\frac{\text{Asp}}{\text{Asone}}\right) + 1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Number of bars per row, and spacing (natural)

$$\text{nbarsp}_{n8} := \text{ceil}\left(\frac{\text{floor}\left(\frac{\text{Asp}}{\text{Asone}_{n8}}\right) + 1}{\text{rowsp}}\right)$$

$$\text{sbarsp}_{n8} := \frac{b2 - 6}{\text{nbarsp}_{n8} - 1}$$

$$\text{nbarsp} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\text{sbarsp} = 3.273$

choose bar size $\text{bsp} := 10$ $\text{cp} := \text{bsp} - 5$ $\text{cp} = 5$

chose number of bars $\text{np} := 12$

number of rows $\text{rowsp} = 1$

Spacing of bars in each row

$$\text{sbarsp} := \frac{b2 - 6}{\frac{\text{np}}{\text{rowsp}} - 1}$$

$\text{sbarsp} = 3.273$

$\text{Asp} := \text{Asone}_{cp} \cdot \text{np}$ $\text{Asp} = 15.24$

$\text{nbarsp} := \text{np}$ $\text{nbarsp} = 12$

$\text{sbarsp} := \text{sbarsp}$ $\text{sbarsp} = 3.273$

$\text{bd} := \text{bd}_{cp}$ $\text{bd} = 1.27$

LRFD 5.7.3.4 CONTROL OF CRACKING BY DISTRIBUTION OF REINFORCEMENT

The provisions specified herein shall apply to the reinforcement of all concrete components, except that of deck slabs designed in accordance with Article 9.7.2, in which tension in the cross-section exceeds 80 percent of the modulus of rupture, specified in article 5.4.2.6, at applicable service limit state load combination specified in Table 3.4.1-1.

Since this is the main negative moment reinforcement parallel to traffic I shall apply the provisions of this article.

Components shall be so proportioned that the tensile stress in the mild steel reinforcement at the service limit state, f_{sa} does not exceed:

$$f_{sa} = \frac{Z}{\frac{1}{(dc \cdot A)^3}} \leq 0.6 \cdot f_y \quad 5.7.3.4-1$$

dc = depth of concrete measured from extreme tension fiber to center of bar or wire located closest thereto; for calculation purposes, the thickness of clear coner used to compute dc shall not be taken to be greater than 2 in.

A = area fo concrete having the same centroid as the principal tensile reinforcement and bounded by the surfaces of hte cross-section and a straight line parallel to the neutral axis, divided by teh number of bars or wires; for calculation purposes the thickness of clear concrete cover used to compute A shall not be taken to be greater than 2.0 in.

Z = crack width parameter - use 170 k/in for moderate exposure.

Number of bars = $n_{barsp} = 12$

Area of steel (in²) = $A_{sp} = 15.24$

SL moment to be used (use 0 if the moment is positive) $MSL_p = 0$

$F := 0$

Stress in steel for rectangular section

SL Stress in steel (psi) = $f_{sp} := \text{root} \left[12 \cdot MSL_p - A_{sp} \cdot F \cdot \left(dp - \frac{A_{sp} \cdot F}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot b_2} \right), F \right] \quad f_{sp} = 0$

Allowable Stress

Cracking factor =

$$z := 170$$

Total Section Height (in) =

$$\text{height} := b1$$

$$\text{height} = 72$$

Distance from extreme tension fiber to CL. reinforcing=

$$dc := \min\left(\left(\frac{\text{cover}}{2}\right)\right) + 0.75 + \frac{bd}{2}$$

$$dc = 3.385$$

Effective tension flange area

$$A_p := \frac{2 \cdot dc \cdot b2}{n \cdot \text{barsp}}$$

$$A_p = 23.695$$

Allowable Stress

$$f_{sap} := \min\left[\left[\frac{z}{(dc \cdot A_p)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right], \left[0.6 \cdot f_y\right]\right]$$

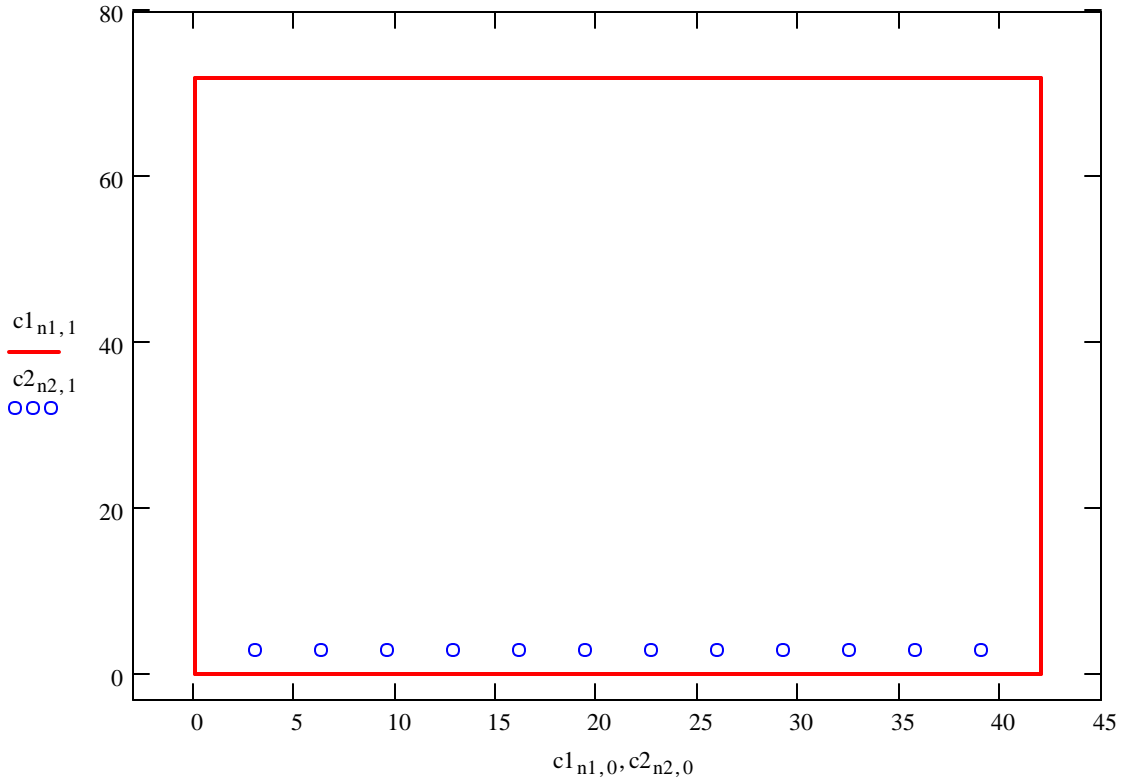
$$f_{sap} = 36$$

Check steel for cracking moment

$$ckp := \begin{cases} \text{"fail"} & \text{if } f_{sap} < f_{sp} \\ \text{"pass"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$ckp = \text{"pass"}$$

Diagram of Positive moment section



Size of bars used = bsp = 10

Total number of bars = nbarsp = 12

Spacing of bars (in) = sbarsp = 3.273

Total Section Depth (in) = b1 = 72

Total Section width (in) = b2 = 42

Design Negative Moment

Section Depth for negative moment (in) = $c1 := 72$

Section Width for negative moment (in) = $c2 := 42$

Concrete Strength (psi) = $fc = 3$

Reinforcing Steel strength (psi) = $fy = 60$

Number of rows of steel = $rowsn := 1$

Effective depth

$$dn := c1 - 3 - \frac{(rowsn - 1) \cdot 3}{2} \quad dn = 69$$

Section Modulus (in³) $Stc := \frac{c2 \cdot c1^3}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{c1 \cdot 0.5} \quad Stc = 36288$

Design negative moment (k*ft) = $MLDn = 3598.895$

LRFD 5.7.3.3.2 minimum reinforcement

Unless otherwise specified, at any section of a flexural component, the amount of prestressed and nonprestressed tensile reinforcement shall be adequate to develop a factored flexural resistance, M_r , at least equal to the lesser of

1.2* the cracking strength

1.33 times the factored moment required by Strength I

What I shall do is calculate required steel based on the cracking moment. Then I shall calculate the required steel based on strength. If any of the required are less than 1.2*Mcr I shall increase the required by 4/3.

$$\text{LRFD 5.4.2.6 the modulus of rupture (ksi)} = \quad f_r := 0.24 \cdot \sqrt{f_c} \quad f_r = 0.416$$

$$\text{Cracking moment (k*ft)} = \quad M_{cr} := \frac{f_r \cdot S_{tc}}{12} \quad M_{cr} = 1257.053$$

$$\text{Effective section depth (in)} = \quad d_p = 69$$

$$A_{cr} := 0 \quad A_s := 0 \quad A_r := 0 \quad A_{rt} := 0$$

$$\text{Required steel based on } 1.2 \cdot M_{cr} \text{ (in}^2\text{)} = \quad A_{cr} := \text{root} \left[\left| 12 \cdot M_{cr} \right| - 0.9 \cdot A_{cr} \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_n - \frac{A_{cr} \cdot f_y}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot c_2} \right), A_{cr} \right]$$

$$A_{cr} = 4.117$$

CALCULATIONS BASED ON RECTANGULAR SECTION

$$\text{Required steel (pure strength)(in}^2\text{)} = \quad A_{sn1} := \text{root} \left[\left| 12 \cdot MLD_n \right| - 0.9 \cdot A_r \cdot f_y \cdot \left(d_n - \frac{A_r \cdot f_y}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot c_2} \right), A_r \right] \quad A_{sn1} = 12.194$$

$$\text{Required Steel (in}^2\text{)} = \quad A_{sn} := \begin{cases} \frac{4}{3} \cdot A_{sn1} & \text{if } A_{sn1} < A_{cr} \\ A_{sn1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad A_{sn} = 12.194$$

$$\text{Distance between the N.A. and the compression flange (in)} = \quad c_{1a} := \frac{A_{sn} \cdot f_y}{0.85 \cdot f_c \cdot \beta_1 \cdot c_2} \quad c_{1a} = 8.037$$

BAR PATTERN REQUIRMENTS

n8 := 0.. 6

$$\text{bars} := \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Asone} := \begin{pmatrix} 0.31 \\ 0.44 \\ 0.60 \\ 0.79 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.27 \\ 1.56 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{bd} := \begin{pmatrix} 0.625 \\ 0.75 \\ 0.875 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.128 \\ 1.27 \\ 1.41 \end{pmatrix}$$

number of bars total minimum

$$\text{floor}\left(\frac{\text{Asn}}{\text{Asone}}\right) + 1 = \begin{pmatrix} 40 \\ 28 \\ 21 \\ 16 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Number of bars per row, and spacing (natural)

$$\text{nbarsn}_{n8} := \text{ceil}\left(\frac{\text{floor}\left(\frac{\text{Asn}}{\text{Asone}_{n8}}\right) + 1}{\text{rownsn}}\right) \quad \text{sbarsn}_{n8} := \frac{c2 - 6}{\text{nbarsn}_{n8} - 1}$$

$$\text{nbarsn} = \begin{pmatrix} 40 \\ 28 \\ 21 \\ 16 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{sbarsn} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.923 \\ 1.333 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5.143 \end{pmatrix}$$

choose bar size bsn := 11 cp := bsn - 5 cp = 6

chose number of bars nn := 9

number of rows rownsn = 1

Spacing of bars in each row

$$\text{sbarsn} := \frac{c2 - 6}{\frac{\text{nn}}{\text{rownsn}} - 1} \quad \text{sbarsn} = 4.5$$

Asn := Asone_{cp} · nn Asn = 14.04

nbarsn := nn nbarsn = 9

sbarsn := sbarsn sbarsn = 4.5

bd := bd_{cp} bd = 1.41

LRFD 5.7.3.4 CONTROL OF CRACKING BY DISTRIBUTION OF REINFORCEMENT

The provisions specified herein shall apply to the reinforcement of all concrete components, except that of deck slabs designed in accordance with Article 9.7.2, in which tension in the cross-section exceeds 80 percent of the modulus of rupture, specified in article 5.4.2.6, at applicable service limit state load combination specified in Table 3.4.1-1.

Components shall be so proportioned that the tensile stress in the mild steel reinforcement at the service limit state, f_{sa} does not exceed:

$$f_{sa} = \frac{Z}{(dc \cdot A)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \leq 0.6 \cdot f_y \quad 5.7.3.4-1$$

dc = depth of concrete measured from extreme tension fiber to center of bar or wire located closest there to; for calculation purposes, the thickness of clear cover used to compute dc shall not be taken to be greater than 2 in.

A = area of concrete having the same centroid as the principal tensile reinforcement and bounded by the surfaces of the cross-section and a straight line parallel to the neutral axis, divided by the number of bars or wires; for calculation purposes the thickness of clear concrete cover used to compute A shall not be taken to be greater than 2.0 in.

Z = crack width parameter - use 170 k/in for moderate exposure.

Number of bars = $n_{barsn} = 9$

Area of steel (in²) = $A_{sn} = 14.04$

SL moment to be used (use 0 if the moment is positive) $MSL_n = 2451.814$

$F := 0$

Stress in steel for rectangular section

SL Stress in steel (psi) = $f_{sn} := \text{root} \left[12 \cdot MSL_n - 0.9 A_{sn} \cdot F \cdot \left(d_n - \frac{A_{sn} \cdot F}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot c^2} \right), F \right]$ $f_{sn} = 34.902$

Allowable Stress

Cracking factor =

$$z := 170$$

Total Section Height (in) =

$$\text{height} := c1$$

$$\text{height} = 72$$

Distance from extreme tension fiber to CL. reinforcing =

$$dc := \min\left(\left(\frac{3 - bd \cdot 0.5}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{bd}{2}$$

$$dc = 2.705$$

Effective tension flange area

$$An := \frac{2 \cdot dc \cdot c2}{nbarsn}$$

$$An = 25.247$$

Allowable Stress

$$fsan := \min\left[\left[\frac{z}{(dc \cdot An)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right], 0.6 \cdot fy\right]$$

$$fsan = 36$$

Actual Stress (ksi) =

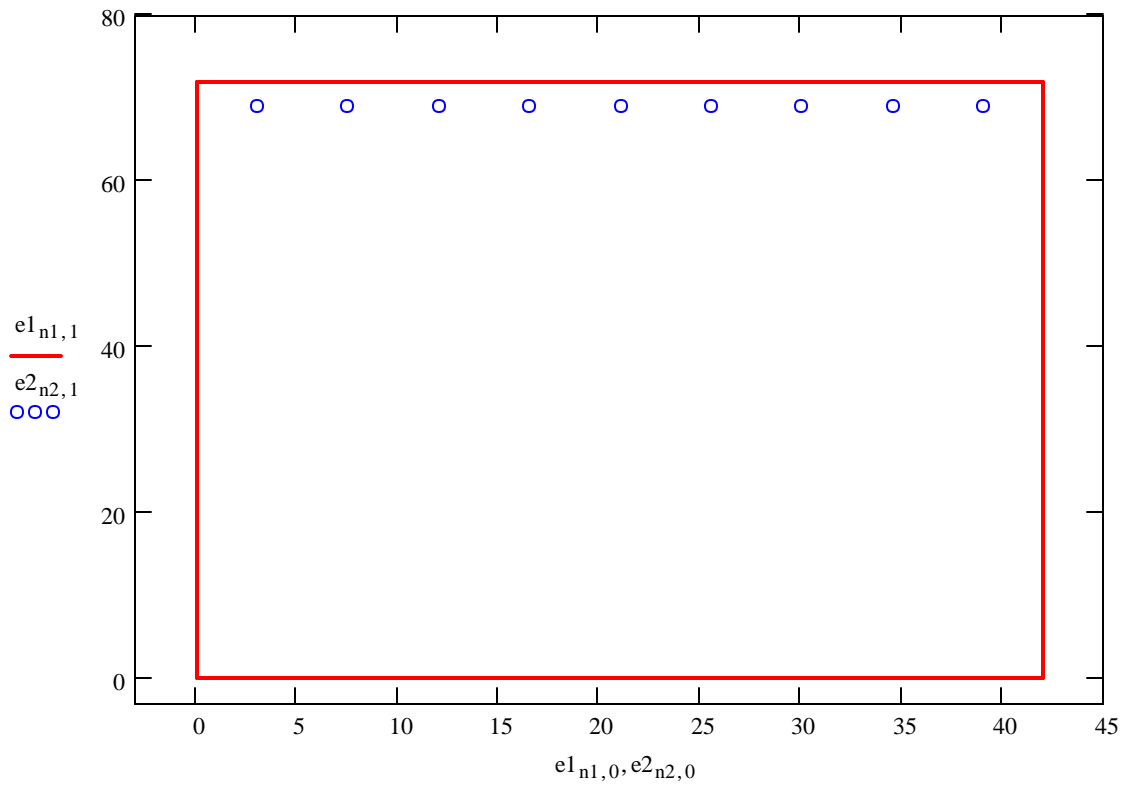
$$fsn = 34.902$$

Check steel for cracking moment

$$ckn := \begin{cases} \text{"fail"} & \text{if } fsan < fsn \\ \text{"pass"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$ckn = \text{"pass"}$$

Diagram of Negative moment section



Size of bars used = bsn = 11

Total number of bars = nbarsn = 9

Spacing of bars (in) = sbarsn = 4.5

Total Section Depth (in) = c1 = 72

Total Section width (in) = c2 = 42

Shear Design

LRFD 5.8.2.4 Except for slabs footings and culverts, transverse reinforcement shall be provided where

$$V_u > 0.5 \cdot \phi \cdot (V_c + V_p)$$

V_u = factored shear force

V_c = nominal resistance of concrete

V_p = component of the prestressing force in direction of the shear force

LRFD 5.8.2.5: Minimum transverse reinforcing

$$A_v = 0.0316 \cdot \sqrt{f_{cf}} \cdot \frac{b_v \cdot S}{f_y}$$

A_v = area of transverse reinforcing within distance S

b_v = width of web adjusted for the presence of ducts as specified in 5.8.2.9

S = spacing of transverse reinforcing

f_y = yield strength of transverse reinforcing

f_{cf} = final concrete strength

LRFD 5.8.2.7: Maximum spacing of transverse reinforcing.

If $V_u < 0.125 \cdot f_{cf}$ then: $S_{max} = 0.8 \cdot d_v \leq 24$ in

If $V_u \geq 0.125 \cdot f_{cf}$ then: $S_{max} = 0.4 \cdot d_v \leq 12$ in

V_u = the shear stress calculated in accordance with 5.8.2.9

d_v = effective shear depth as defined in 5.8.2.9

LRFD 5.8.2.9: Shear stress in concrete

$$V = \frac{V_u - \phi \cdot V_p}{\phi \cdot b_v \cdot d_v}$$

b_v = effective web width

d_v = effective shear depth $d_v = \frac{M_n}{A_s \cdot f_y + A_{ps} \cdot f_{ps}}$

ϕ = resistance factor for shear 5.5.4.2

LRFD 5.8.3.3: The nominal shear resistance V_n shall be determined as the lesser of

$$V_n = V_c + V_s + V_p$$

$$V_n = 0.25 \cdot f_{cf} \cdot b_v \cdot d_v + V_p$$

for which

$$V_c = 0.0316 \cdot \beta \cdot \sqrt{f_{cf}} \cdot b_v \cdot d_v$$

$$V_s = \frac{A_v \cdot f_y \cdot d_v \cdot \cot(\theta)}{S} \text{ this is as per commentary EQ C5.8.3.3.1}$$

β = Factor as defined in article 5.8.3.4

θ = angle of inclination of diagonal compressive stresses as determined in 5.8.3.4

α = angle of inclination of transverse reinforcement to longitudinal axis

Width of section (in) =	$b_v := 42$	
Effective depth (in) =	$d_e := \min\left(\left(\begin{matrix} d_n \\ d_p \end{matrix}\right)\right)$	$d_e = 69$
Effective tension steel (in ²) =	$A_s := A_{sn}$	$A_s = 14.04$
Effective shear depth (in) =	$d_v := d_e - \frac{A_s \cdot f_y}{1.7 \cdot f_c \cdot b_v}$	$d_v = 65.067$
Define factored shear (k) =	$V_u := VLD$	$V_u = 457.26$
Resistance factor for concrete (5.5.4.2) =	$\phi := 0.9$	
Shear stress on the concrete (ksi) =	$V := \frac{V_u}{\phi \cdot b_v \cdot d_v}$	$V = 0.186$
Maximum spacing of transverse reinforcing (in) =	$S_{max} := \begin{cases} \min\left(\left(\begin{matrix} 0.8 \cdot d_v \\ 24.0 \end{matrix}\right)\right) & \text{if } V < 0.125 \cdot f_c \\ \min\left(\left(\begin{matrix} 0.4 \cdot d_v \\ 12.0 \end{matrix}\right)\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$S_{max} = 24$

LRFD 5.8.3.4 Determination of b and q

For non-prestressed concrete sections not subjected to axial tension and containing at least the minimum amount of transverse reinforcement specified in LRFD 5.8.2.5, or having an overall depth of less than 16 in, the following values may be used.

$$\beta := 2.0$$

$$\theta := 45$$

Range definition $ns1 := 0..2$

Area of double no. 5 bars (in²)= $A_{v_0} := 1.24$

Area of double no. 6 bars (in²) = $A_{v_1} := 1.76$

Area of double no. 7 bars (in²) = $A_{v_2} := 2.4$

Nominal resistance of concrete (k) = $V_c := 0.0316 \cdot \beta \cdot \sqrt{f_c} \cdot b_v \cdot d_v$ $V_c = 299.15$

Calculate required nominal steel strength (k) =

$$V_s := \begin{cases} j \left\langle \frac{V_u}{\phi} - V_c \right. & \\ 0 & \text{if } V_u < 0.5 \cdot \phi \cdot (V_c) \\ \text{otherwise} & \\ \left. \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j < 0 \\ j & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right. & \end{cases} \quad V_s = 208.916$$

Required spacing of stirrups (in) =
(not considering max)

$$S1_{ns1} := \begin{cases} S_{max} & \text{if } V_s = 0 \\ j \left\langle \frac{A_{v_{ns1}} \cdot f_y \cdot d_v \cdot \cot\left(\theta \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right)}{V_s} \right. & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

actual required spacing

$$S1 = \begin{pmatrix} 23.172 \\ 32.889 \\ 44.849 \end{pmatrix}$$

maximum allowable spacing

$$S_{max} = 24$$

$$A_v = \begin{pmatrix} 1.24 \\ 1.76 \\ 2.4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Spacing of stirrups considering the max allowable

Actual spacing to use (in) =

$$S_{ns1} := \begin{cases} S_{max} & \text{if } V_s = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} & \\ \left. \begin{cases} j \left\langle \frac{A_{v_{ns1}} \cdot f_y \cdot d_v \cdot \cot\left(\theta \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right)}{V_s} \right. \\ S_{max} & \text{if } j > S_{max} \\ j & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right. & \end{cases}$$

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} 23.172 \\ 24 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}$$